

35481

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$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc}
\cdot(&) & & - 3x & & \cdot(&) & - x : \\
2.5y & , " & & & & , & & - y \\
y = 18 & - & y + 2.5y = 63 & : & & , & 63 \\
& & & & & 45 & - , & 18
\end{array}$$

()	()	()	
$18 \cdot 0.9x = 16.2x$	$90\% \cdot x = 0.9x$	18	10%
$45 \cdot 2.4x = 108x$	$80\% \cdot 3x = 2.4x$	45	20%

$$16.2x + 108x = 3477.6 \quad . \quad 3,477.6 \quad "$$

$$\begin{aligned} 16.2x + 108x &= 3477.6 \\ 124.2x &= 3477.6 \quad /:124.2 \\ [x = 28] &\rightarrow [3x = 84]
\end{aligned}$$

$$84 \quad , \quad 28$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc}
& & & , & & & & & \\
28 \cdot 2 & = & 56 & , & & & & & \\
\frac{1232}{56} \cdot 3 & = & 66 & , & 1,232 & & & & \\
1,232 & , & 66 & & & & & & \\
& & & " & & & & &
\end{array}$$

OB

$$m_{\text{OB}} = \frac{y_B - y_O}{x_B - x_O} = \frac{4-0}{3-0} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$m_{\text{BM}} = -\frac{3}{4}, \quad m_1 \cdot m_2 = -1$$

BM

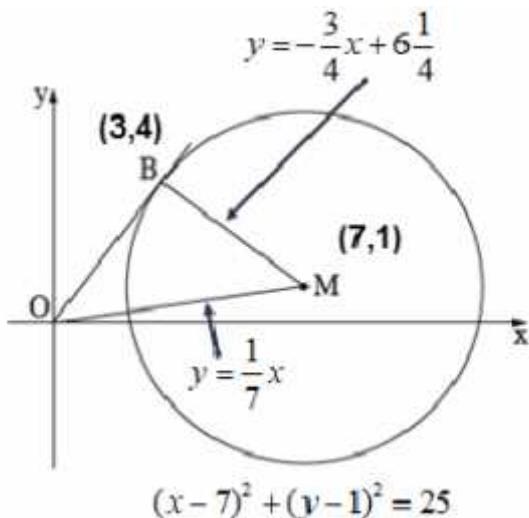
BM

$$y - 4 = -\frac{3}{4}(x - 3)$$

$$y - 4 = -\frac{3}{4}x + 2\frac{1}{4}$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 6\frac{1}{4}$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 6\frac{1}{4} \quad \text{BM}$$



$$\begin{cases} y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 6\frac{1}{4} \\ y = \frac{1}{7}x \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{1}{7}x = -\frac{3}{4}x + 6\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{25}{28}x = 6\frac{1}{4}$$

$$x = 7 \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{7} \cdot 7 = 1 \rightarrow M(7,1)$$

$$R = d_{\text{BM}} = \sqrt{(7-3)^2 + (1-4)^2} = 5$$

$$(x-7)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 25$$

$$\Delta \text{OBC} \quad , \quad \text{OM} \quad , \quad \text{BC} \quad .$$

$$d_{\text{OB}} = \sqrt{(3-0)^2 + (4-0)^2} = 5$$

$$S_{\Delta \text{OBM}} = \frac{\text{OB} \cdot \text{BM}}{2} = \frac{5 \cdot 5}{2} = 12.5$$

$$S_{\Delta \text{OBC}} = 2 \cdot S_{\Delta \text{OBM}} = 2 \cdot 12.5$$

$$S_{\Delta \text{OBC}} = 25$$

$$S_{\Delta \text{OBC}} = 25 :$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{50}}{2}$$

$$d_{\text{OM}} = \sqrt{(7-0)^2 + (1-0)^2} = \sqrt{50}$$

$$5 > \frac{\sqrt{50}}{2} \approx 3.54 :$$

M

:

$$p(A) = 8\% = 0.08$$

6

(1)

$$k = 2, p = 0.08, n = 6$$

$$P_n(k) = \binom{n}{k} (p)^k (1-p)^{n-k}$$

$$P_6(2) = \binom{6}{2} (0.08)^2 (1-0.08)^{6-2}$$

$$P_6(2) = \frac{6!}{2!(6-2)!} \cdot 0.08^2 \cdot 0.92^4$$

$$P_6(2) = 15 \cdot 0.08^2 \cdot 0.92^4$$

$$\boxed{P_6(2) = 0.0688}$$

0.0688

(2)

6

$$0.92^6 = 0.6064$$

$$p(\bar{A}) = 92\% = 0.92$$

$$k = 0, p = 0.08, n = 6$$

$$P_6(0) = \binom{6}{0} (0.08)^2 (1-0.08)^{6-2}$$

$$P_6(0) = \frac{6!}{0!(6-0)!} \cdot 0.08^0 \cdot 0.92^6$$

$$P_6(0) = 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 0.92^6$$

$$\boxed{P_6(0) = 0.6064}$$

0.6064

- A
- B

$$P(A) = 0.08 \rightarrow P(\bar{A}) = 0.92$$

$$P(\bar{B}) = \frac{1}{5} = 0.2 \rightarrow P(B) = 0.8$$

$$P(\bar{B} / A) = 0.75 \rightarrow P(B / A) = 0.25$$

$$P(\bar{B} / A) = \frac{P(B \cap A)}{P(A)}$$

$$0.75 = \frac{P(\bar{B} \cap A)}{0.08}$$

$$P(\bar{B} \cap A) = 0.06$$

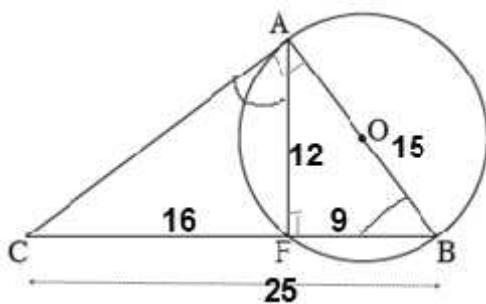
	\bar{A}	A	
0.8	0.78	0.02	B
0.2	0.14	0.06	\bar{B}
1	0.92	0.08	

$$P(A \cap B) = 0.02$$

- 0.02 ,

$$P(A / B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)} = \frac{0.02}{0.8} = \frac{1}{40}$$

1
40



. A - CA .2

O .1

AB .3

. FC = " 16 .5 FB = " 9 .4 .

. $S_{\Delta CFA} \cdot .AB \cdot .\Delta AFB \sim \Delta CAB \cdot : "$. $\Delta CFA \sim \Delta CAB \cdot .$

	AB	6	3
	A - CA	7	2
	$\angle CAB = 90^\circ$	8	7 ,6
	$\angle AFB = 90^\circ$	9	6
	() $\angle CAB = \angle AFB$	10	9 ,7
	() $\angle B = \angle B$	11	
	$\Delta AFB \sim \Delta CAB$	12	11 ,10
<hr/>			
	$\frac{AF}{CA} = \frac{FB}{AB} = \frac{AB}{CB}$	13	12
	FB = " 9	14	4
	FC = " 16	15	5
	CB = " 25	16	15 ,14
	$\frac{9}{AB} = \frac{AB}{25} \rightarrow AB = 15 \text{ cm}$	17	16 ,14 ,13
<hr/>			
ΔAFB	$AF = \sqrt{15^2 - 9^2} = 12 \text{ cm}$	18	17 ,14 ,9
	$S_{\Delta CFA} = \frac{16 \cdot 12}{2} = 96 \text{ cm}^2$	19	18 ,15
<hr/>			
	() $\angle CAF = \angle B$	20	2
	() $\angle C = \angle C$	21	
	$\Delta CFA \sim \Delta CAB$	22	21 ,20
<hr/>			

• BD

$$(BD)^2 = (BC)^2 + (DC)^2 - 2 \cdot BC \cdot DC \cdot \cos 65^\circ$$

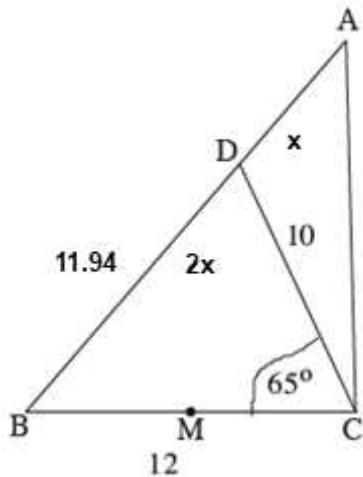
$$(BD)^2 = 12^2 + 10^2 - 2 \cdot 12 \cdot 10 \cdot \cos 65^\circ$$

$$(BD)^2 = 142.57$$

$$\boxed{BD = 11.94 \text{ cm}}$$

$$\therefore BD = " 11.94 :$$

$$\therefore BD = 2DA$$



$$\frac{S_{\Delta BDC}}{S_{\Delta ADC}} = \frac{0.5 \cdot BD \cdot DC \cdot \sin \angle BDC}{0.5 \cdot DA \cdot DC \cdot \sin \angle ADC} = 2 \quad \leftarrow \sin r = \sin(180^\circ - r)$$

$$S_{\Delta BDC} = 0.5 \cdot BC \cdot DC \cdot \sin \angle BDC$$

$$S_{\Delta BDC} = 0.5 \cdot 12 \cdot 10 \cdot \sin 65^\circ$$

$$S_{\Delta BDC} = 54.37 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$S_{\Delta ADC} = \frac{54.37}{2}$$

$$\boxed{S_{\Delta ADC} = 27.19 \text{ cm}^2}$$

$$\therefore S_{\Delta ADC} = " 27.19 :$$

, ΔBDC -

• M

, BC

$\angle BDC = 90^\circ$

$$(BC)^2 = ? (BD)^2 + (DC)^2$$

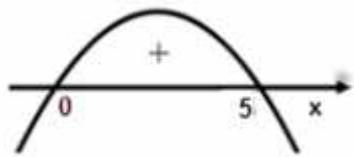
$$12^2 = ? 11.94^2 + 10^2$$

$$144 \neq 103.76$$

$$\angle BDC \neq 90^\circ$$

, ΔBDC

M



$$f(x) = -2 + \sqrt{-x^2 + 5x}$$

$$-x^2 + 5x \geq 0$$

$$x = 0, x = 5$$

()

$0 \leq x \leq 5$:

$y = 0$: $x =$

$$0 = -2 + \sqrt{-x^2 + 5x}$$

$$2 = \sqrt{-x^2 + 5x} \quad ()^2 \quad \text{test: } \sqrt{-1^2 + 5 \cdot 1} = 2 \quad \text{o.k.}$$

$$4 = -x^2 + 5x \quad \text{test: } \sqrt{-4^2 + 5 \cdot 4} = 2 \quad \text{o.k.}$$

$$x^2 - 5x + 4 = 0$$

$$x = 1, \quad x = 4$$

$$\boxed{(1, 0), (4, 0)}$$

$(1, 0), (4, 0)$:

$(0, -2), (5, -2)$:

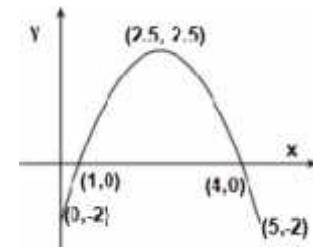
$$f'(x) = \frac{-2x+5}{2\sqrt{-x^2 + 5x}}$$

$$0 = -2x + 5$$

$$x = 2.5 \rightarrow y = \sqrt{-2.5^2 + 5 \cdot 2.5} = 2.5 \rightarrow (2.5, 2.5)$$

$(0, -2), (5, -2), (2.5, 2.5)$:

$0 < x < 2.5, 2.5 < x < 5$:

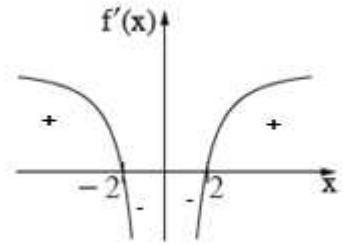


$$c, g(x) = f(x) + c$$

$$g(x), 0, g(x), c > 2$$

$$0 \leq x \leq 5, g(x), c > 2$$

$$\bullet \quad x \neq 0 \quad , \quad f(x) \quad , \quad f'(x)$$



$$\begin{array}{lll} \bullet & x = -2 & , \quad f(x) \quad , \quad f'(x) : x = -2 \\ \bullet & x = 2 & , \quad f(x) \quad , \quad f'(x) : x = 2 \\ & & x = 2 \quad , \quad x = -2 : \end{array}$$

$$\bullet \quad x \neq 0 \quad , \quad f'(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2} + a$$

$$\bullet \quad f'(2) = 0$$

$$-\frac{1}{2^2} + a = 0$$

$$\boxed{a = \frac{1}{4}}$$

$$\bullet \quad a = \frac{1}{4} :$$

$$\bullet \quad x > 0$$

$$\bullet \quad f(x) \quad , \quad f(2) = 10 \quad (1)$$

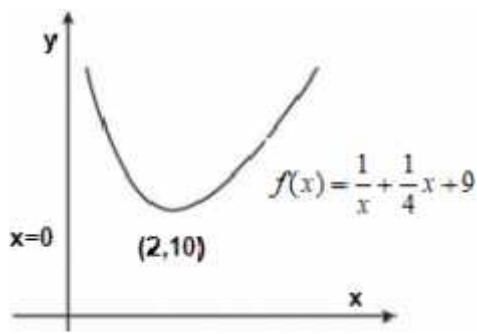
$$f(x) = \int f'(x) dx = \int \left(-\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{4}\right) dx = \int \left(-x^{-2} + \frac{1}{4}\right) dx$$

$$f(x) = -\frac{x^{-1}}{-1} + \frac{1}{4}x + c = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{4}x + c$$

$$10 = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 2 + c \quad \leftarrow f(2) = 10$$

$$c = 9$$

$$\boxed{f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{4}x + 9}$$



$$\bullet \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{4}x + 9 :$$

$$\bullet \quad x > 0 \quad , \quad f(x) \quad (2)$$

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$$, (\quad)$$

$$, f(x) = -x^2 + 6x$$

$$x_{kodkod} = -\frac{b}{2a} = -\frac{-6}{2} = 3$$

$$0 < x < 3$$

- A(0,0) - B(6,0) -
- E(6-k,0) , F(k,-k²+6k) , D(k,0) : , AD = EB = k

$$DE = x_E - x_D = 6 - k - k = 6 - 2k \quad , x - DE$$

$$FD = y_F - y_D = -k^2 + 6k = -k^2 + 6k \quad , y - FD$$

$$-k^2 + 6k - 6 - 2k :$$

DFGE *jafnā nōe pln'opn*

$$S_{DFGE} = DE \cdot FD$$

$$S_{DFGE} = (6 - 2k) \cdot (-k^2 + 6k)$$

$$S_{DFGE} = -6k^2 + 36k + 2k^3 - 12k^2$$

$$\boxed{S_{DFGE} = 2k^3 - 18k^2 + 36k}$$

$$\boxed{S' = 6k^2 - 36k + 36}$$

$$0 = 6k^2 - 36k + 36$$

$$\boxed{k = 3 - \sqrt{3} \approx 1.27} \quad \leftarrow 0 < k < 3$$

$$S'(1) = 6 > 0 , S'(2) = -12 < 0 \rightarrow Max$$

$$DFGE \quad , k = 3 - \sqrt{3} \approx 1.27 :$$